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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) In a graphics system including a 3D graphics eircuits coupled to processing chip having an embedded frame buffer, an anti-aliasing method comprising:
- (a) rendering a multisampled data representation in the embedded frame buffer of a scene/image, the data representation comprising a plurality of scene/image pixels wherein a plurality of super-samples are programmably defined at different locations within each pixel, said rendering including performing edge and z rasterization of primatives within the image and further including:

generating a coverage mask corresponding to a plurality of adjacent pixels, the coverage mask identifying super-samples that are covered by a primitive fragment during rasterization; and

performing z buffering for each super-sample based upon the coverage mask;

- (b) storing the rendered multisampled data representation in the embedded frame buffer; and
- (c) resampling the embedded frame buffer contents to provide an anti-aliased image blending one or more super-samples from a plurality of pixels, said blending performed as part of a copy-out process during which contents of the embedded frame buffer are provided to an external destination resulting in an anti-aliased image for displaying.
- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further including programmably defining a super-sample pattern comprising three predetermined super-sample locations within each pixel for use in rendering the multisampled data representation, and using a

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reconstruction filter during recampling of for blending super-samples from the embedded frame buffer during said copy-out process, wherein the reconstruction filter uses multisamples blends super-samples from two or more than one pixel region vertically aligned adjacent pixels to obtain-produce data for a single resulting pixel.

- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein a particular support area for the reconstruction filter is determined based on the super-sample pattern is different among adjacent horizontal pixels.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further including varying a <u>super-</u>sample pattern for multisamples among adjacent pixels, and using a reconstruction filter during resampling <u>blending</u>, said reconstruction filter having a support region that extends beyond a single pixel
- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 4, further including defining a particular support region for the reconstruction filter based on a particular super-sample pattern for the multisamples.

Claims 6-11 (canceled)

- 12. (withdrawn) An anti-aliasing method, comprising:
- (a) providing plural supersamples within each pixel of a pixel array;
- (b) varying the spatial distribution of the supersamples within neighboring pixels of the pixel array;
- (c) applying, to the array, an anti-aliasing filter having a pixel aperture including a current pixel and at least one of the supersamples from at least two neighboring pixels to the current pixel; and

further including storing the pixel array in an embedded frame buffer, and applying the anti-aliasing filter during a copy out operation from the embedded frame buffer to an external destination.

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- 13. (withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the varying of the supersamples defines a sample pattern, and further including defining the aperture of the antialiasing filter based on the sample pattern
- 14. (withdrawn) The method of claim 13, wherein the sample pattern repeats on a pixel quad basis.
- 15. (withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein the sample pattern is different for each pixel in a pixel quad.
- 16. (withdrawn) In a graphics chip including an embedded frame buffer, an antialiasing method comprising:
 - (a) storing a supersampled image in the embedded frame buffer;
- (b) transferring the stored image from the embedded frame buffer to an off-chip destination; and
- (c) in the process of transferring the image, resampling the image to provide an anti-aliased version of the image.
- 17. (withdrawn) The method of claim 16, further including defining a sampling pattern for use in generating the supersampled image, wherein the sampling pattern varies between adjacent pixels of the image.
- 18. (withdrawn) The method of claim 17, wherein the resampling includes using a blending filter having a pixel aperture which is greater than one pixel.
- 19. (withdrawn) The method of claim 18, further including defining the pixel aperture based on the sampling pattern.

Claims 20-33 (canceled)

34. (currently amended) A graphics system, an apparatus for anti-aliasing super-sampled pixels, comprising:

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means for programmably defining three sample locations for obtaining supersampled color data associated with a pixel for each of a plurality of neighboring pixels;

coverage mask means to enable/disable samples corresponding to said sample locations, the coverage mask means being based at least in part on corresponding portions of each pixel that are occupied by rendered primitive fragments; and

means for performing z buffering for each super-sample based on the coverage mask; and

color data blending filter means for combining color data from at least two supersampled color data to provide a pixel final color value.

- 35. (previously presented) The system of claim 34, wherein said blending filter means comprises a means for computing a weighted average of samples.
- 36. (previously presented) The system of claim 34, wherein said blending filter means comprises a means for computing a weighted average of color data of at least three samples corresponding to a current pixel and at least two samples corresponding to a pixel immediately above the current pixel and at least two samples corresponding to a pixel immediately below the current pixel.
- 37. (previously presented) The system of claim 34, wherein the blending filter means further comprises a weighting coefficient means for selectively weighting each sample of color data for computing a weighted average of color data, the graphics system including a means for programmably defining a weight coefficient associated with each sample.
- 38. (currently amended) In a graphics system, a method of providing full-scene anti-aliasing, comprising the steps of:
- (a) defining three super-sampled color data locations associated with a pixel for each of a plurality of neighboring pixels;

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- (b) blending color data corresponding to each of the three super-sampled color data locations within a first pixel with color data from two super-sampled color locations of a second pixel located immediately above the current said first pixel and with color data from two super-sampled color locations of a third pixel located immediately below the current said first pixel; and
 - (c) displaying a said first pixel having a color corresponding to the blending.
- 39. (currently amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the blending step (b) includes assigning color blending weights for at least the seven-super-sampled color data locations used in blending color data, and computing a weighted average of blended color data based at least in part on assigned weights.
- 40. (withdrawn) In a graphics system, a method of anti-aliasing pixels wherein each pixel is subdivided into a plurality of super-sampled portions identified by locations programmably defined therein, comprising the steps of:
- (a) defining a plurality of super-sampled locations for each of a plurality of neighboring pixels;
- (b) using coverage masks to develop color data for super-samples corresponding to locations defined in step (a), the coverage masks being based at least in part on corresponding portions of each pixel that are occupied by primitive fragments; and
- (c) blending color data from at least two selected super-samples obtained from locations defined in step (a) during a copy-out operation to provide a filtered pixel color value.
- 41. (currently amended) In a graphics system, a pixel data processing arrangement having a multi-tap-programmable selectable-weight blending filter characterized by a vertically arranged-vertically-disposed multiplethree-pixel filter support region wherein one or more at least two color data samples from a plurality of three vertically disposed pixels are blended to form a single pixel color.

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- 42. (currently amended) In a graphics system, a pixel data processing arrangement for providing full-scene anti-aliasing and/or de-flickering interlaced displays, comprising:
 - a frame buffer containing super-sampled pixel data for a plurality of pixels;
- a plurality of scan-line buffers connected to receive super-sampled pixel color data from the frame buffer, and
- a multi-tap selectable weight blending programmable selectable-weight blending filter coupled to the scan-line buffers, the blending filter characterized by a vertically-arranged multiple pixel vertically-disposed three-pixel filter support region wherein one or more color data samples from are programmably weighted and selected from different positions within a plurality of three vertically disposed aligned neighboring pixels, are said samples being blended to form a single pixel color.
- 43. (previously presented) An apparatus for anti-aliasing as set forth in claim 42, wherein pixel data in the frame buffer also includes depth (Z data) information.
- 44. (currently amended) An arrangement that anti-aliases super-sampled pixels comprising:

an embedded frame buffer storing three super-sample locations within super-samples from each pixel of a pixel array, each said super-sample location super-sample having a corresponding color value; and

a one-dimensional color data blending filter that blends the three super-sample color values of a pixel with super-sample color values of from vertically adjacent neighboring pixels while information within the embedded frame buffer is being transferred to a destination an external frame buffer.

- 45. (previously presented) The arrangement of claim 44, wherein the embedded frame buffer stores no more than three super-sample locations within each pixel.
 - 46. (canceled)

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- 47. (previously presented) The arrangement of claim 44, wherein the filter blends super-sample color values corresponding to three vertically aligned pixels to produce a screen pixel output.
- 48. (withdrawn) An anti-aliasing method comprising: programmably defining plural super-sampled locations within at least one screen pixel, each said super-sampled location having a corresponding color value; and blending said super-sampled color values using a vertical filter during a copy-out operation from an embedded frame buffer to an external frame buffer.
- 49. (withdrawn) Within a pixel quad having first, second, third and fourth pixels and a quad center, a method of defining an optimal set of three super-sampling locations for anti-aliasing, said method comprising:
- (a) defining a first set of super-sample locations for a first pixel in the pixel quad at the following coordinates (range 1-12) relative to the quad center:

/(12,11) (4,7) (8,3);

- (b) defining a second set of super-sample locations for a second pixel in the pixel quad at the following coordinates (range 1-12) relative to the quad center:
 - (3,11)
 - (11,7)
 - (7,3);
- (c) defining a third set of super-sample locations for a third pixel in the pixel quad at the following coordinates (range 1-12) relative to the quad center:
 - (2,2)
 - (10,6)
 - (6,10);

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- (d) defining a fourth set of super-sample locations for a fourth pixel in the pixel quad at the following coordinates (range 1-12) relative to the quad center:
 - (9,2)
 - (1,6)
 - (5,6);
- (e) using a resampling filter having a support area that uses three supersamples from a current pixel, two super-samples from a pixel immediately above the current pixel, and two samples from a pixel immediately below the current pixel; and
- (e) using respective weighting coefficients in the resampling filter having the following values: 1/12, 1/6, 1/6, 1/6, 1/6, 1/6, 1/12.